第 33/2016 號行政長官公告

按照中央人民政府的命令,行政長官根據第3/1999號法律 《法規的公佈與格式》第六條第一款的規定,命令公佈聯合國安 全理事會於二零一五年九月二日通過的關於利比里亞局勢的第 2237(2015)號決議的中文及英文正式文本。

二零一六年四月二十八日發佈。

行政長官 崔世安

Aviso do Chefe do Executivo n.º 33/2016

O Chefe do Executivo manda publicar, nos termos do n.º 1 do artigo 6.º da Lei n.º 3/1999 (Publicação e formulário dos diplomas), por ordem do Governo Popular Central, a Resolução n.º 2237 (2015), adoptada pelo Conselho de Segurança das Nações Unidas em 2 de Setembro de 2015, relativa à situação na Libéria, nos seus textos autênticos em línguas chinesa e inglesa.

Promulgado em 28 de Abril de 2016.

O Chefe do Executivo, Chui Sai On.

第 2237 (2015) 號決議

安全理事會 2015 年 9 月 2 日第 7517 次會議通過

安全理事會,

回顧其以往關於利比里亞局勢的各項決議和主席聲明,

歡迎利比里亞政府在國際社會支持下,在重建利比里亞以造福全 體利比里亞人方面持續取得進展,

注意到聯合國利比里亞問題專家小組的報告(S/2015/558),

還注意到秘書長 2015 年 7 月 31 日寫信(S/2015/590)向安全理事會通報利比里亞政府執行關於以下事項的建議的進展:妥善管理武器和彈藥,包括頒佈必要的立法框架;促進對利比里亞和科特迪瓦之間的邊界地區進行有效監測與管理,

讚揚利比里亞政府有效應對在利比里亞爆發的埃博拉疫情,在這方面讚賞利比里亞政府和人民、特別是利比里亞武裝部隊和利比里亞國家警察的抵禦病災能力,

歡迎會員國、雙邊夥伴和多邊組織,包括聯合國、非洲聯盟(非盟)和西非國家經濟共同體(西非經共體),支持利比里亞政府應對埃博拉疫情,遠歡迎國際社會,包括建設和平委員會,協助利比里亞在埃博拉疫情結束後全面落實其發展承諾,尤其是協助利比里亞安全機構開展能力建設工作,大力鼓勵進一步在這方面採取步驟,

申明利比里亞政府負有不讓其領土內的所有民眾受暴行侵害的首要責任,強調利比里亞要實現永久穩定,利比里亞政府就要有正常運作和接受問責的政府機構,特別是在法治和安全領域,

強調利比里亞需要在安全部門改革方面進一步取得進展,以確保利比里亞的軍事、警察和邊防部隊有能力獨自擔當保護利比里亞人民的責任並為此做好充分準備,

着重指出透明和有效地管理國家資源對利比里亞的可持續和平與 安全至關重要,

重申安理會願意在做出以下認定後終止第 1521 (2003)號決議第 2 (a)和(b)段和第 4 (a)段規定的措施:利比里亞的停火得到並繼續得到全面遵守,安全部門的解除武裝、復員、重返社會、遣返和重組工作已經完成,實現和維持利比里亞和該次區域穩定的工作取得了重大進展,

還回顧安理會打算在利比里亞政府建立透明的會計和審計機制, 以負責的方式使用政府的收入以造福利比里亞人民後,考慮修改第 1532(2004)號決議第1段規定的措施,

認定儘管已經有重大進展,但利比里亞局勢繼續對該區域的國際 和平與安全構成威脅,

根據《聯合國憲章》第七章採取行動,

1. 决定自本決議通過之日起,將第 1521(2003)號決議第 2 段 先前規定、並經第 1683(2006)號決議第 1 和第 2 段、第 1731(2006) 號決議第 1 (b)段、第 1903(2009)號決議第 3、4、5 和 6 段及第 1961(2010)號決議第 3 段和第 2128(2013)號決議第 2 (b)段修 訂的軍火措施,延長 9 個月;

- 決定終止第 1521(2003)號決議第 4 段和第 1532(2004)
 號決議第 1 段規定的旅行和金融措施;
- 3. 决定將第 1903 (2009)號決議第 9 段所設專家小組的任期 自本決議通過之日起延長 10 個月,以便與利比里亞政府和科特迪瓦 問題專家小組密切合作,執行下列任務:
- (a)調查並編寫一份最後報告,說明經上文第1段延長的武器措施的執行情況和任何違反這些措施的情況,包括非法武器貿易的各種資金來源,安全部門和法律部門在使利比里亞政府能夠有效監測和控制軍火和邊界問題方面取得的進展;
- (b)在與委員會討論後,至遲於2016年5月1日向安理會提交一份最後報告,說明本段列出的所有問題,並酌情在上述日期前向委員會非正式通報最新情況;
- (c) 與其他相關專家小組,特別是第 2153 (2014) 號決議第 24 段重新組建的科特迪瓦問題專家小組,積極合作;
- 4. 請秘書長儘快採取必要行政措施,在適當考慮任務有所減少的情況下,重新設立專家小組,成員為1人,自本決議通過之日起任期10個月;
- 5. 促請所有國家,包括利比里亞,在專家小組任務涉及的各個方面與專家小組通力合作;
- 6. 回顧根據 2006 年《西非國家經濟共同體關於小武器和輕武器的公約》的規定,控制利比里亞境內以及利比里亞與鄰國之間小武器流通的責任應由相關政府當局承擔;

- 7. 敦促利比里亞政府優先考慮和加快通過和實施適當的管理 武器和彈藥的立法,並採取其他適當必要步驟,以建立必要的法律和 行政框架,打擊非法販運武器和彈藥行為;
- 8. 申明安理會將願意根據利比里亞和該次區域實現穩定的情況,視需要隨時調整本決議中的措施,包括重新規定或加強措施,以及修改、暫停執行或解除措施;
 - 9. 決定繼續積極處理此案。

Resolution 2237 (2015)

Adopted by the Security Council at its 7517th meeting, on 2 September 2015

The Security Council,

Recalling its previous resolutions and statements by its President on the situation in Liberia,

Welcoming the sustained progress made by the Government of Liberia, in rebuilding Liberia for the benefit of all Liberians, with the support of the international community,

Taking note of the report of the United Nations Panel of Experts on Liberia (S/2015/558),

Further noting the Secretary-General's letter, dated 31 July 2015 (S/2015/590), updating the Security Council on progress made by the Government of Liberia to implement the recommendations on the proper management of arms and ammunition, including enacting the necessary laws, and on facilitating the effective monitoring and management of the border regions between Liberia and Côte d'Ivoire,

Commending the Government of Liberia for responding effectively to the Ebola outbreak in Liberia and recognizing, in this regard, the resilience of the people and Government of Liberia, and its security institutions, especially the Armed Forces of Liberia and the Liberia National Police,

Welcoming the efforts of Member States, bilateral partners and multilateral organizations, including the United Nations, African Union (AU) and Economic Community of West African States (ECOWAS), to support the Government of Liberia in its response to the Ebola outbreak, further welcoming the contributions of the international community, including the Peacebuilding Commission, to assist Liberia in its comprehensive development commitment in the post-Ebola recovery period particularly through capacity-building of its security institutions and strongly encouraging further steps forward in this regard,

Affirming that the Government of Liberia bears primary responsibility for protecting all populations within its territory from atrocities, and stressing that lasting stability in Liberia will require the Government of Liberia to sustain effective and accountable government institutions, particularly in the rule of law and security sectors,

Stressing the need for increased progress on security sector reform in Liberia in particular to ensure that Liberia's military, police, and border security forces are self-sufficient, capable, and adequately prepared to protect the Liberian people,

Underlining that the transparent and effective management of natural resources is critical for Liberia's sustainable peace and security,

Recalling the Council's readiness to terminate the measures imposed by paragraphs 2 (a) and (b) and 4 (a) of Resolution 1521 (2003) upon its determination that the ceasefire in Liberia is being fully respected and maintained, disarmament, demobilization, reintegration, repatriation and restructuring of the security sector have been completed, the provisions of the Comprehensive Peace Agreement are being fully implemented, and significant progress has been made in establishing and maintaining stability in Liberia and the subregion,

Further recalling the Council's intention to consider modifying the measure imposed by paragraph 1 of resolution 1532 (2004) once the Government of Liberia established transparent accounting and auditing mechanisms to ensure the responsible use of government revenue to benefit directly the people of Liberia,

Determining that, despite significant progress, the situation in Liberia continues to constitute a threat to international peace and security in the region,

Acting under Chapter VII of the Charter of the United Nations,

- 1. Decides to renew the measures on arms, previously imposed by paragraph 2 of resolution 1521 (2003) and modified by paragraphs 1 and 2 of resolution 1683 (2006), by paragraph 1 (b) of resolution 1731 (2006), by paragraphs 3, 4, 5 and 6 of resolution 1903 (2009), by paragraph 3 of resolution 1961 (2010), and by paragraph 2 (b) of resolution 2128 (2013) for a period of 9 months from the date of adoption of this resolution;
- 2. Decides to terminate the travel and financial measures set forth in paragraph 4 of resolution 1521 (2003) and paragraph 1 of resolution 1532 (2004);
- 3. Decides to extend the mandate of the Panel of Experts appointed pursuant to paragraph 9 of resolution 1903 (2009) for a period of 10 months from the date of adoption of this resolution to undertake the following tasks in close collaboration with the Government of Liberia and the Côte d'Ivoire Group of Experts:
- (a) To investigate and compile a final report on the implementation, and any violations, of the measures on arms as renewed by paragraph 1 above, including the various sources of financing for the illicit trade of arms, and on progress in the security and legal sectors with respect to the Government of Liberia's ability to effectively monitor and control arms and border issues;
- (b) To provide to the Council, after discussion with the Committee, a final report no later than 1 May 2016 on all the issues listed in this paragraph, and to provide informal updates to the Committee as appropriate before that date;
- (c) To cooperate actively with other relevant panels of experts, in particular that on Côte d'Ivoire re-established by paragraph 24 of resolution 2153 (2014);
- 4. Requests the Secretary-General to take the necessary administrative measures as expeditiously as possible to re-establish the Panel of Experts, having

due regard for its reduced mandate, to consist of 1 member, for a period of 10 months from the date of adoption of this resolution;

- 5. Calls upon all States, including Liberia, to cooperate fully with the Panel of Experts in all aspects of its mandate;
- 6. Recalls that responsibility for controlling the circulation of small arms within the territory of Liberia and between Liberia and neighbouring States rests with the relevant governmental authorities in accordance with the Economic Community of West African States Convention on Small Arms and Light Weapons of 2006;
- 7. Urges the Government of Liberia to prioritize and expedite the adoption and implementation of appropriate arms and ammunition management legislation and take other necessary and appropriate steps to establish the necessary legal and administrative framework to combat the illicit trafficking of arms and ammunition;
- 8. Affirms that it will be prepared to adjust the measures contained in this resolution, including by re-imposing or strengthening measures, as well as modifying, suspending or lifting measures, as may be needed at any time in light of the stability of Liberia and the subregion;
 - 9. Decides to remain actively seized of the matter.

第 34/2016 號行政長官公告

中華人民共和國於二零零五年六月十七日以照會通知國際 海事組織秘書長,一九六九年十一月二十九日訂於布魯塞爾的 《國際干預公海油污事故公約》(下稱"公約")適用於澳門特 別行政區;

國際海事組織秘書長於二零零五年六月三十日以照會確認 公約自二零零五年六月二十四日起適用於澳門特別行政區;

基於此,行政長官根據第3/1999號法律《法規的公佈與格式》第六條第一款的規定,命令公佈上指公約的中文及英文文本。

二零一六年四月二十八日發佈。

行政長官 崔世安

Aviso do Chefe do Executivo n.º 34/2016

Considerando que a República Popular da China, por nota datada de 17 de Junho de 2005, notificou o Secretário-Geral da Organização Marítima Internacional sobre a aplicação na Região Administrativa Especial de Macau da Convenção Internacional sobre a Intervenção em Alto Mar em Caso de Acidente que Provoque ou Possa Vir a Provocar a Poluição por Hidrocarbonetos, concluída em Bruxelas em 29 de Novembro de 1969, adiante designada por Convenção;

Considerando igualmente que o Secretário-Geral da Organização Marítima Internacional, por nota datada de 30 de Junho de 2005, confirmou que a Convenção é aplicável na Região Administrativa Especial de Macau desde 24 de Junho de 2005;

O Chefe do Executivo manda publicar, nos termos do n.º 1 do artigo 6.º da Lei n.º 3/1999 (Publicação e formulário dos diplomas), a referida Convenção nos seus textos em línguas chinesa e inglesa.

Promulgado em 28 de Abril de 2016.

O Chefe do Executivo, Chui Sai On.